does not result in a real choice for seniorsit simply increases their out-of-pocket costs. Mail order pharmacies are not an appropriate source for acute drugs because of the length of time it takes to obtain a prescription. This new BC/BS policy imposes a new 20 percent copayment-which can be a significant coston enrollees needing acute prescriptions. For them, the mail order pharmacy is not a viable option to avoid this new costs. If the 20 percent copayment is a serious impediment, then the senior may use the mail order option anyway. Their health could be seriously impacted by that decision. In addition, people have been unable to obtain color-coding for their prescriptions-an important service for a frail senior taking a strong regimen of prescriptions.

I, along with several colleagues, have spent months looking into possible remedies to prevent OPM from making decisions on benefit changes in a vacuum as they do today. Our goal is to avoid any repeat performances of the problems we have seen this year. Our legislation is entitled "The Federal Health Program Benefit Change Accountability Act." It details the multiple problems resulting from OPM's decision to make this benefit change and would institute a new reporting process. OPM would be required to provide an annual report to Congress that would describe any significant changes for the upcoming year in Federal retiree health benefits. The report would also provide Congress with the details that were missing this past year. It would explain what cost savings expected to be achieved, how enrollees would be financially affected by the change, and how quality of care would be impacted. Congress would then have time to react if there were concerns with the change.

The bill has been endorsed by the National Association of Chain Drug Stores, the National Association of Retail Druggists, the National Council on Aging, and the National Council of Senior Citizens, The original cosponsors are: Representatives J.C. WATTS, HOYER, GILMAN, MORELLA, PICKETT, LAFALCE, CRAMER, POMEROY, BREWSTER, TIM JOHNSON, MORAN, MEEK, and EHRLICH. We urge our colleagues to join us in preventing OPM from making new benefits changes that negatively impact seniors' health and our local communities.

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, DC, December 15, 1995.
JAMES B. KING,

Director, Office of Personnel Management, Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. KING: We are writing to raise concerns about the implementation of a new 20 percent copayment for prescriptions filled in local retail pharmacies under the Blue Cross/Blue Shield Federal Employees Health Benefits Program.

As you know, beginning January 1, 1996, this change will make it more costly for almost one million Federal retirees with Medicare Part B coverage if they want to continue to obtain their prescriptions at their neighborhood pharmacy. The only way for Federal retirees to avoid the imposition of this new cost-sharing will be for them to leave their neighborhood pharmacy and send their prescriptions to an out-of-state mail order firm. The rationale for this change is that it is a cost-saving measure. While we commend efforts by BC/BS to lower costs for the Federal Government and their enrollees. we question whether these savings will be passed through to enrollees.

Two aspects of these efforts are abundantly clear to us. Last year, BC/BS's use of

a mail order operation diverted \$400 million from our districts in sales, revenues and jobs from the local pharmacies. If this new change becomes effective, an estimated \$600 million will leave our districts in 1996 and instead be invested in an out-of-state mail order firm. Many local pharmacies are small businesses that cannot afford a shift of their local business to out-of-state mail order firms. Second, Federal retirees, many of whom take multiple prescriptions that require face-to-face pharmacist counseling and close monitoring of prescription use, will lose the medical counseling of their local pharmacists when they switch to the mail order program due to financial constraints.

We have strong reservations about costsaving solutions that place an economic penalty on the use of local pharmacies. There are alternative approaches that BC/BS could take to achieve cost-savings in the area of prescription drug use. One solution would be to implement a mandatory generic drug program. Another solution could be a reasonable copayment, such as one or two dollars, per prescription drug. Neither of these alternatives would disadvantage our neighborhood pharmacies which play important health care and economic roles in our communities.

You may be aware that the GAO has recently been asked to study the impact of BC/BS's FEHBP's prescription drug program policies on enrollees and community pharmacies. We believe that this is an important study and that the results should be known before this new policy is implemented. Therefore, we ask you to take action to postpone implementation of this change until the GAO study is complete and to consider alternative cost-saving approaches such as those mentioned in this letter.

Sincerely, Benjamin L. Cardin and 68 Members of Congress.

TRIBUTE TO W.T. WOODSON HIGH SCHOOL CONCERT BAND OF FAIRFAX

HON. THOMAS M. DAVIS

OF VIRGINIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Wednesday, May 15, 1996

Mr. DAVIS. Mr. Speaker, it gives me great pleasure to rise today and pay tribute to the W.T. Woodson Senior High School Concert Band of Fairfax, which will receive one of the most prestigious international awards for high school concert bands. On May 17, 1996, the W.T. Woodson Band will receive the John Philip Sousa Foundation's Sudler Flag of Honor, an award which recognizes high school concert bands that have demonstrated the highest standards of excellence in all respects of their activities. Under the direction of a very dedicated and talented music director. Mr. John Casagrande, it is one of only two bands from the entire United States and Canada to receive this coveted award this year.

Each year, the John Philip Sousa Foundation awards the Sudler Flag of Honor after conducting a rigorous selection process undertaken by a committee made up of nationally known band conductors. The Selection Committee chooses award recipients based on the following criteria: First, the band's music director has been incumbent in his or her own position for at least 7 consecutive years; second, the band has maintained a high standard of excellence in the concert area for several

years; third, the band has received a superior rating at State, regional, or national levels of competition; fourth, the band has performed at significant meetings at State, regional, and national levels; and fifth, a number of students in the band have participated in district and all-State honor bands or similar groups. There is no limit on the number of bands which can receive the Sudler Flag of Honor each year. So indeed, not only is it a remarkable accomplishment that the W.T. Woodson Band earned this honor, it is equally commendable that it is one of only two bands worthy of receiving the award in 1996.

Mr. Speaker, I know my colleagues will join me in applauding the hard work and commitment of Mr. Casagrande and this talented group of young musicians. I congratulate them on receiving this distinguished award and for making their parents, neighbors, and community proud of this exceptional achievement.

50TH ANNIVERSARY OF SACRED HEART CHURCH IN FEEDING HILLS, MA

HON. RICHARD E. NEAL

OF MASSACHUSETTS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, May 15, 1996

Mr. NEAL. Mr. Speaker, today I would like to recognize the Parish of Sacred Heart Church in Feeding Hills, MA which will be celebrating its 50th anniversary on Sunday, May 19, 1996. For the past half century, Sacred Heart Church has been an integral part of the Springfield Catholic Diocese and a mainstay in the town of Agawam. The church began as a small mission chapel for Mount Carmel Church in Springfield and was run by the Stigimatine Fathers. In 1946, Bishop Thomas M. O'Leary declared Sacred Heart a territorial parish in Feeding Hills to be run by the Stigimatine Order.

Sacred Heart had 175 families in its parish in 1946 but its chapel could only accommodate 125 people. The need for a new larger church was immanent and the parishioners immediately began working together to raise the necessary funds for the new construction. After more than ten years of hard work, the diligence of these parishioners was rewarded in 1959 when Bishop Christopher Weldon dedicated the new Sacred Heart Church. The expansion did not end with the new church, however, and in 1964 the men of the parish built the Sacred Heart Restaurant at the Big "E" in West Springfield and the Parish Center was dedicated in 1971. During this period, an athletic program was established for the young people of the parish and a parish library was added, complete with adult bible classes. The parish had certainly blossomed into a major center for community activity in the Feeding Hills area and was a source of tremendous pride for the citizens of Agawam.

Today the parish has grown to 2,065 families and has been transferred from the Stigimatine Order back to the Springfield Diocese. This tremendous growth and the parish's continued commitment to charitable organizations and community development have made Sacred Heart one of the true gems of the Second Congressional District. I would like to salute Rev. Kenneth Tatro, the Pastor of Sacred Heart; Pastoral Minister Sister Eileen Sullivan, SSJ; Deacon James Martone;